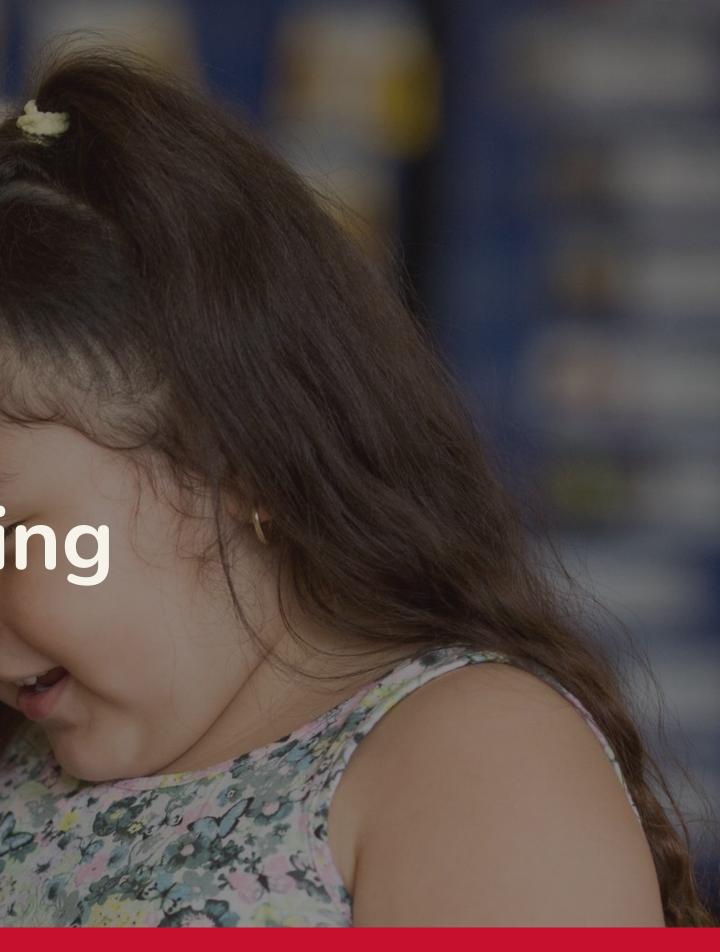
Cost Models: Critical Tools for EC Financing

Center for Early Learning Funding Equity

Opportunities Exchange Conference 2023 Phoenix, AZ





What is a cost model?

A cost model is a budget built with the capacity to answer critical questions that are relevant to operations and forecasting What is the annual cost per child to serve infants, toddlers, preschoolers, and school age children?

What might happen to my center's bottom line if I converted some preschool classrooms to 2-yr old classrooms? What percentage of this program's budget is going to the classroom vs to administrative costs?

How much more revenue per child (or per classroom) would I need to increase my teacher's wages to a competitive level?



A Cost Model starts with a basic budget

PERSONNEL COSTS

Salaries/Wages Owner/FCC Educator Assistant Substitute Other Other Total Salaries/Wages

Benefits/Payroll Taxes
FICA
Health Insurance
Worker's Compensation
Retirement
State Unemployment Tax
Federal Unemployment Tax
Other Fringe
Total Benefits/Payroll Taxes

NON-PERSONNEL COSTS

Food Legal/Audit/Accounting support Child Care Equipment Repair/Depreciation Supplies & Equipment (Incl. Office & Educational) Insurance: Liability/Business Staff training & education Telephone & Internet Rent/Lease/Mortgage Homeowner's Insurance Utilities (gas, electric) & general home repairs Repairs and Maintenance, cleaning for home Consultation Services Transportation for field trips Miscellaneous Total Non-Personnel Costs

OTHER EXPENSES/RESERVES

Reserves/Capital Recoup Indirect Administration Total Other Costs

TOTAL HOME EXPENSES

\$	48,880
\$	-
\$	3,205
\$	-
\$	-
\$	52,085
\$	3,985
\$	1,064
\$	21
\$	-
\$	46
\$	192
\$	-
\$	5,308
\$	10,200
\$	700
\$	661
\$	1,070
\$	700
\$	513
\$	1,272
\$	7,133
\$ \$	288
\$	1,777
\$	317
\$	500
\$	306
\$ \$	1,634
\$	27,071
\$	-
\$	-
\$	-
\$	84,464



Costs can be allocated across age groups to produce per-child costs

Allocation of costs by age group						
Personnel	FTE	Salary	Total Expense	Infant/Toddlers	Twos	Preschool
Site Director		1 80,000	9 80000	16,410	12,308	51,282
Additional Professional Staff (out of classroom)/Assistant Principal	2.7	5 55.000) 151250	31,026	23 260 23	06 055
PreK Lead Teachers		5 55,000 5 53,000		31,020	23,269.23	96,955 212,000
Birth - 3 Lead Teachers		6 43,000	258,000	172,000	86,000	
Teacher Assistants	1	1 35,000) 385000	140,000	70,000	140,000
Classroom Aides	1	1 29,250) 321750	128,700	64,350	128,700
Lead Floater teacher/sub	2.	2 50,000) 110000	44,000	22,000	44,000
Assistant floater teacher/sub	2.	2 32,000) 70400	28,160	14,080	28,160
Family Support Specialist		5 40,000	200000	41,026	30,769	128,205
Cook		1 28,000) 28000	5,744	4,307.69	17,949
Administrative support		1 40,000) 40000	8,205	6,153.85	25,641
Janitor/maintenance		1 28,500) 28500	5,846	4,384.62	18,269



A cost model uses variables and formulas to answer key "what if" questions

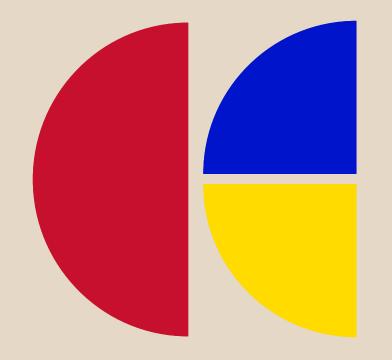
Instead of building a budget with static numbers, a cost model uses Excel formulas

Examples:

- The total cost of educational supplies = (per-child cost) x (# of • children)
- Total lead teacher salaries = (# of classrooms) x (#FTE lead teachers ulletper classroom) x (lead teacher average salary)

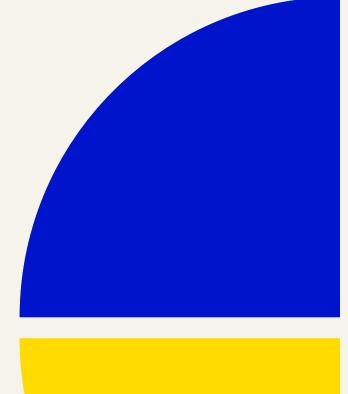
In a cost model, each of these variables can be changed to discover what the impact would be on overall cost and program financial viability





Live Demo of Program Cost Model







Cost Modeling for Policy

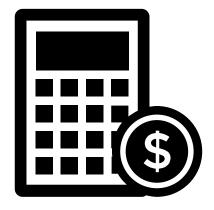
How states are using cost modeling to design child care financing strategy



Historically, the federal Administration for Children and Families (ACF) has guided states to focus on comparing reimbursement rates to market **prices**.

Goal: 75th percentile of market rates

Goal: Meeting the "true cost of care" for highquality services



Now, federal regulations <u>also</u> require states to look at the cost of providing services.



Prices and Costs are two primary sets of information needed to set subsidy rates and overall funding policy for child care

	Prices \$	
Tool used	Market Rate Survey	Ba A
What it answers	How much are providers charging private-pay families for care?	How m cost pro operate program meeting health standa
Why we use it	To understand the extent to which subsidy rates allow parents to access the full market of available care	To under extent to subsidy market provide current





asic Cost Analysis

nuch does it oviders to e their ms while **g required and safety irds**?

lerstand the to which y rates and rates allow ers to **cover the t cost** of care

"Cost of Quality" Analysis

How much does it cost providers to operate their programs with high quality and adequate compensation?

To understand the funding that will be needed to **sustainably implement high quality** services



Prices and costs <u>together</u> give an understanding of how well the child care market is functioning

How we know whether the market is functioning well

The child care market is functioning well when: Providers are able to charge private-pay families sufficient fees to cover their full costs

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The child care market is NOT functioning well when: Providers are NOT able to charge parents high enough fees to cover the cost of providing high quality services Rate setting implication

Subsidy rates should focus on ensuring families have access to the largest proportion of the market possible

Setting subsidy rates to match market rates will not be enough to support the viability of the child care market



What a Policy-Focused Cost Model Is, and What it is Not

A cost model is

- A representation of a 'typical' child care center or home-based program using strong business practices
- Informed by extensive data collection and analysis of the state's ECEC data and other publicly-available data
- 'Pressure-tested' by providers, state administrators and other state-based experts
- Aligned with the Provider Cost of Quality Calculator (PCQC) data points
- Meant to inform state funding and policy decision-making

A cost model is not

- or home

- your state

A program-by-program representation of actual daily costs of any one child care center

Meant to be used by providers for budgeting purposes

Meant to be used as the sole driver of reimbursement rates paid to providers by the state

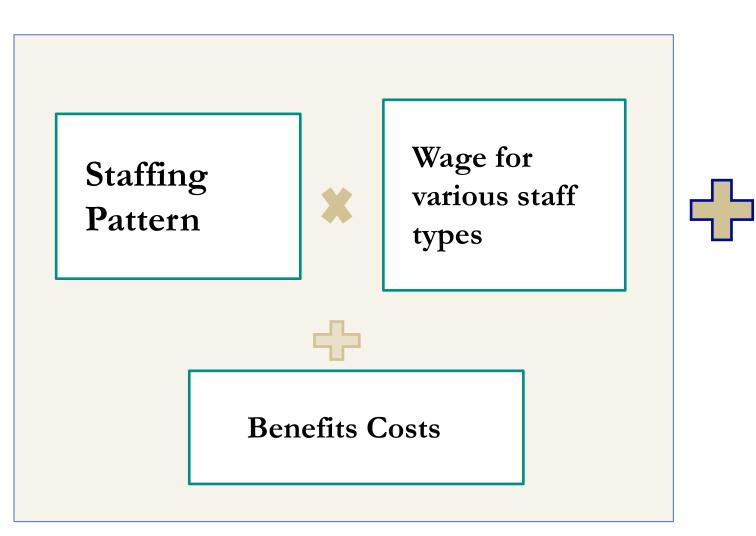
Only relevant for understanding child care—preschool funding systems need cost models, too!

Only representative of subsidized child care—rather it is meant to model the entire ECEC system in



Cost for Centers

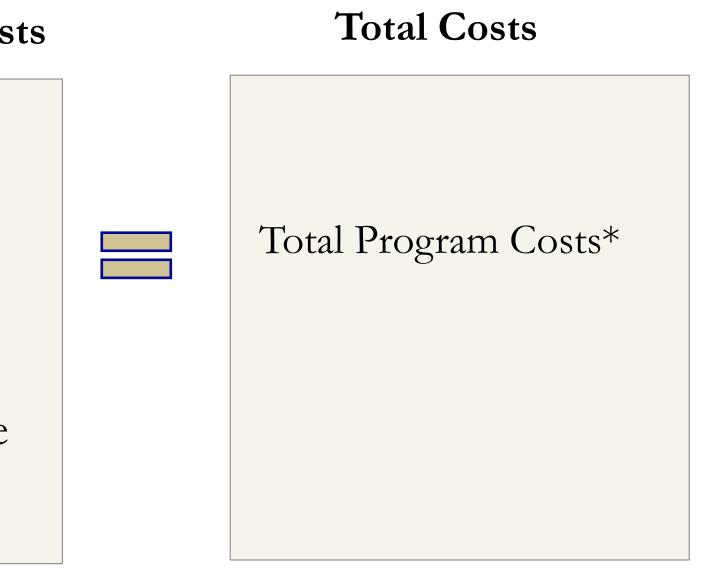
Personnel Costs



Non-Personnel Costs

- Occupancy Costs
- Food
- Supplies
- Contacted Service

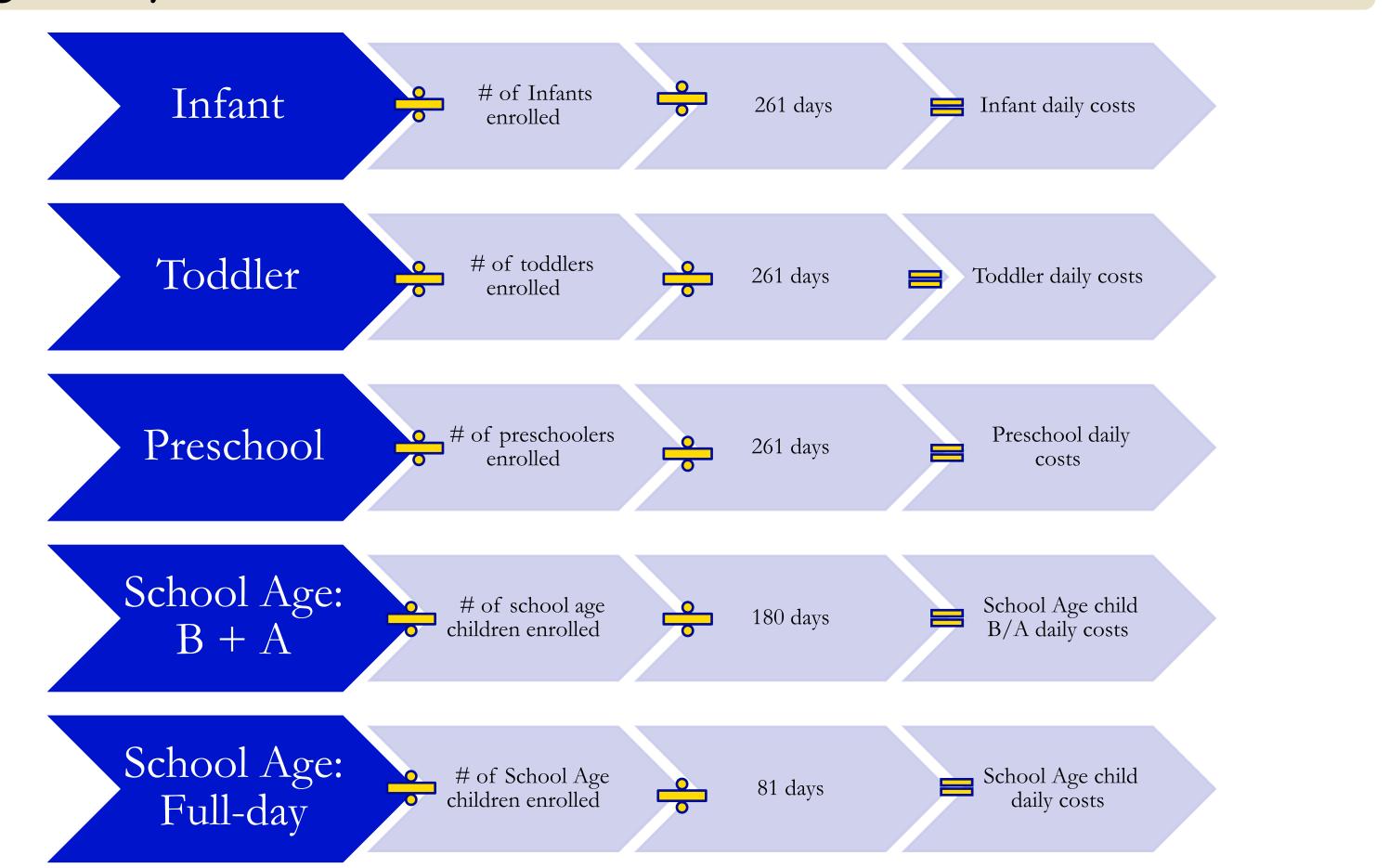
* Includes 5% "reserve" of "profit" and 3% uncollectable allowance



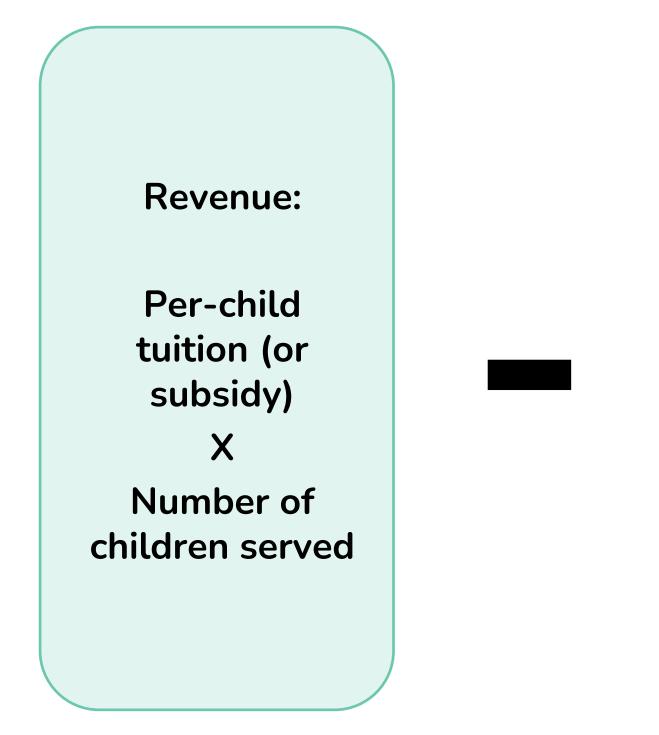


Calculating Daily Costs Per Child

Total Costs is approximated by age group



Business Formula Used for Family Child Care Cost Model



Costs:

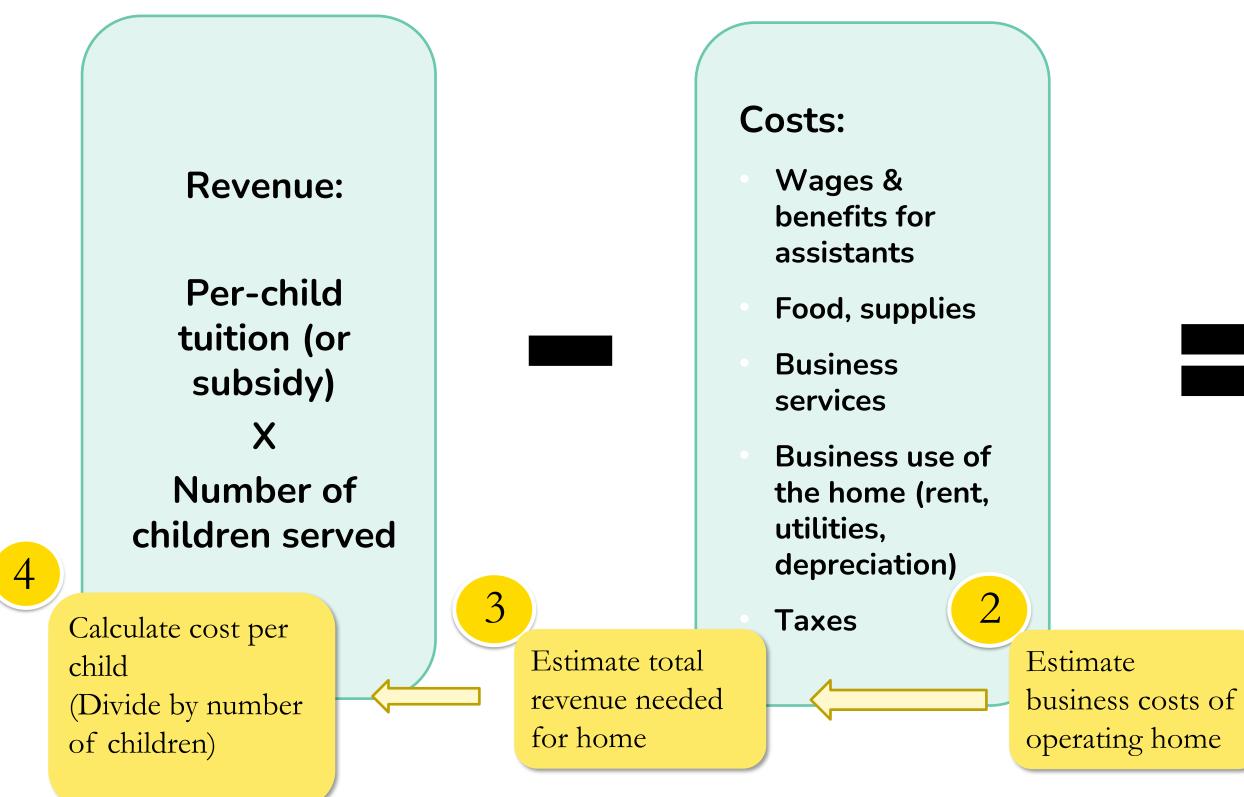
- Wages & benefits for assistants
- Food, supplies
- Business services
- Business use of the home (rent, utilities, depreciation)

Taxes

COMPENSATION For the FCC provider



Calculating Cost in FCC



COMPENSATION For the FCC provider Select a "target" compensation amount for the FCC owner/licensee



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